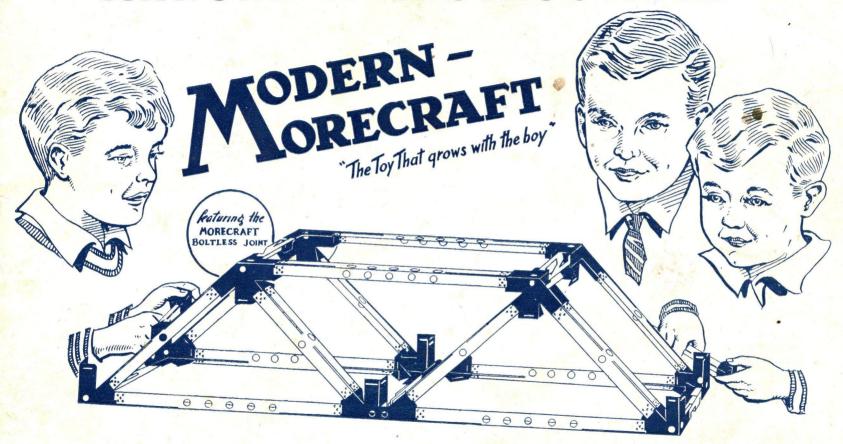
# MANUAL of INSTRUCTIONS



## **MODERN-MORECRAFT**

"The toy that grows with the boy"

Do you like to make models of things you have seen? Enjoy finding out the Hows and Whys? Want to build brand new buildings?

The MODERN-MORECRAFT outfit you now have gives you a chance to do all this and more, too; for MORECRAFT, in magic manner, equips you to do your own reproducing, inventing, and creating. Want to start right away? Good! Here's how to do it:

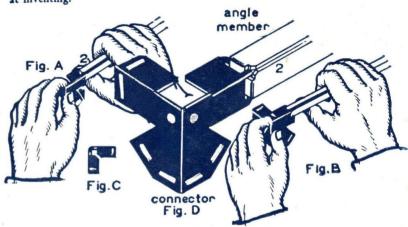
\*FIRST: Get acquainted with the new MORECRAFT BOLTLESS JOINT. Its business is to join parts without the use of nuts, bolts, rivets, nails, or rods. Try attaching and detaching the angle members or girders to the different connections or gussets; and learn how to adjust the ends of the angle-member to form a perfect joint. The illustration to the right shows you how. You will find yourself putting MORECRAFT together and taking it apart in an astonishingly short time. In the smaller sets of MODERN-MORECRAFT, there are no nuts and bolts at all; yet you can build all the models shown for these sets in the MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS and many others you will think of yourself. With the larger sets, even, you will find you need very few nuts and bolts. Notice that the individual MORECRAFT joints are designed to be slightly flexible but that the completed structure is surprisingly rigid and strong.

\*\*SECOND: Study the pictures of the parts and the "Construction De-TAILS" at the end of this manual. Engineers, Architects, and Educators all agree that the careful planning of MORECRAFT parts allows a larger number of different combinations with a smaller number of parts, and permits diagonal bracing, etc. making MODERN-MORECRAFT the ideal construction toy.

\*\*\*THIRD: Select a model to build, beginning with a simple one. You will find that there is an endless store of enjoyment for MODERN-MORECRAFT builders whether they be boys or girls, young or old. The four-year-old, too young to build from pictures, will connect pieces here and there and discover for himself the principles of structural design. You can build readily, using model pictures in the manual, real models, or your imagination. Grown up boys particularly enjoy building "easy-to-put-together, quick-to-get-apart" structures to support complicated motor driven mechanisms.

\*\*\*\*FOURTH: Select your parts and start to build. The manual helps you, in building smaller models, by giving you, near each picture, a list of parts required. For the larger models, a blueprint is provided, in addition to the picture in the mapual. This blueprint also includes a "BILL OF MATERIAL" and necessary instruction. The models pictured in the manual are suggestions. They do not begin to exhaust the possibilities of your set. As you use your MODERN-MORECRAFF, new

ideas will come to you. You will gradually accumulate so much valuable knowledge of mechanics and engineering that you can develop these ideas and try your hand at inventing.



MCRECEAFT BOLTLESS JOINT

The operation of the MORECEAFT JOINT is shown in Figs. A and B.

To attach, hold the members as shown in Fig. A with the right thumb under the slots of the connector, 1, and press the angle-member 2, down, The projecting ends of the angle-member will spring apart and enter the slots. The position of the parts for making the connection is shown more clearly in Fig. D. To disconnect, hold the parts with the right thumb under the split end of the angle-member near the connector and pull down on the connector with the left hand. The right thumb will spread the ends of the angle-member and the parts will separate. A slight twisting of the angle-member will assist in disconnecting the members. If properly adjusted, the joint is surprisingly strong and rigid. If it is not, the ends of the angle-member may have become bent. This may be corrected easily by bending the ends of the angle-member until they are in the position shown in Fig. C.

If you have any difficulty building models, if you want to ask questions about MODERN-MORECRAFT, if you want to tell us about any of the discoveries that you make in connection with it, write to us! Meanwhile, happy times to you!



PARALLEL BARS

## 

BAGGAGE	TRUC
P-4	1
A-O	2
A-1	4
C-90-X	4
W-16	4
R-50 R-85	2
K-02	

(Rubber Band-Not Supplied) Put a rubber band s

Put a rubber band several times around the end of the tongue before inserting it into the hole in the P-4.

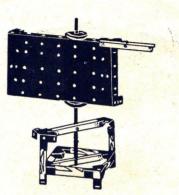
#### Parts required

SAND SIFTER	WEATHER	VANE
P-4 A-0	P-4	1
A-2 2	A-0 A-1	6
C-I35-ZR I C-I35-ZL I	C-90-X C-I35-ZR	4
1 mm	C-135-ZL R-85	1
	W-16	2

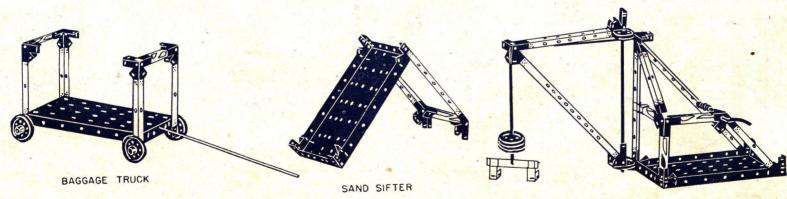
#### STIFF LEGGED DERRICK

The boom will swing all over your block building. The vertical rod is held top and bottom between the ends of A-O's, reverse connected to the corner of the P-4 and the top C-90-X. See the "Construction Details"

P-4		C-135-ZR	
A-0	6	C-135-ZL	1
A-1		W-16	4
A-2	3223	R-85	1
A-3	2	CH-I	
C-O	3	K	1
C-90-X	4	AF	1
	(String-Not	Supplied)	



WEATHER VANE

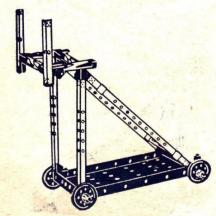




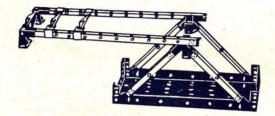
LIBRARY TABLE



FLAT TRUCK



TROLLEY REPAIR CAR



SPRING BOARD



PARK DENCH

## Parts required

LIBRARY	TABLE	PRING BO	ARD		PARK BE	NCH
P-4 A-0 A-2 C-90-X	6 2 4	P-4 A-0 A-1 A-3	4 4 2		P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2	62
3 30 %	4	C-O C-90-X C-I35-ZR	4 2	WILLIAM	C-0 C-90-X	4 2

FLAT	TRUCK
P-4	1
W-16	4
R-50	2

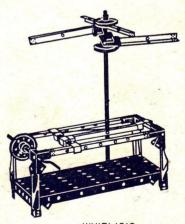
THOLLEY REPAIR TRU	CK
--------------------	----

P-4	-1	C-O	4
A-0	6	C-90-X	4
A-1	4	W-16	4
A-2	2	R-50	2
A-3	2		

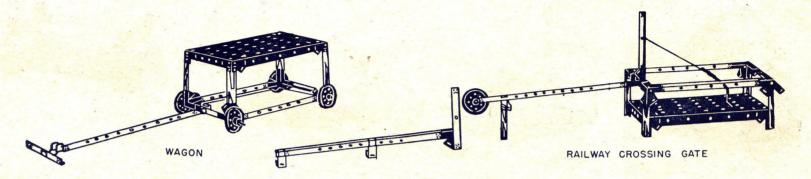
Note: For the construction of the hub of the whirligig see the construction details in the back part of this manual.

P-4	1	C-135-ZR	1
A-0	6	C-135-ZL	i
A-1	3	W-16	3
A-2	2	R-85	Ĭ
A-3	Ī	CH-I	1
C-O	4	K	i
C-90-X	4	The second second	

(Rubber Band-Not Supplied)



WHIRLIGIG







WAGON	1
P-4 A-0	16
A-1	1
A-2 A-3	2
C-0 C-90-X	2
W-16 R-50	4 2

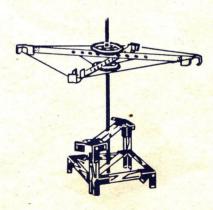
DIAH	
TRUCK	
P-4	
A-0	5
A-1	2
C-90-X	2
W-16	2
R-50	-1

## Parts required

RAILWAY	CRO	SSING	GATE	
P-4	1	C-135-	ZR	1
A-0	6	C-135-		1
A-1	62223	W-16		1
A-2	2	R-50		!
A-3	2	CH-I		4
C-90-X	4	K		4
		Supplie	(1)	

(String-Not Supplied)
Note: Spring apart the ends of
the gate and press together over
the W-16.

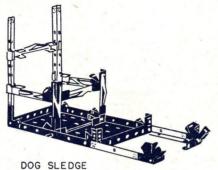
FOOT BRIDGE D-4 A-0 A-1 C-90-X	1542	REEL A-O A-I A-3 C-90-X C-I35-ZR C-I35-ZL W-I6 R-85 (String-No Supplied)	462242-
		Supplied)	

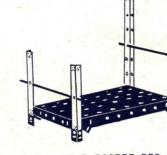


CLOTHES REEL









FOUR POSTER BED



PACKAGE TRUCK



CATAPAULT

Parts	required

				1-0-0			
WELL		DOG SLED	GE	FOUR POST	TER BED	PACKAGE	TRUCK
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 C-0 C-90-X W-16 R-50	15224442	P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 C-0 C-90-X C-135-ZR C-135-ZL	1622442	P-4 A-1 A-2 R-85 K	12224	P-4 A-0 A-2 C-90-X W-16 R-50	6244

(String-Not Supplied)

#### CATAPAULT

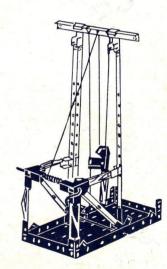
Place a wad of paper on the upper end of the arm, pull back and release. Wad may be accurately thrown.

P-4		13	C-O	4
A-0		2	C-90-X	2
A-I		4	R-50	2
A-3		2	K	4
	(Rubber	Band-Not	Supplied)	

BUILDERS' HOIST

Note: This model illustrates the conversion of circular motion into straight motion.

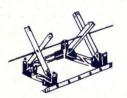
		764	
P-4		C-135-ZR	1
A-0	4	C-135-ZL	1
A-1	3	R-50	1.
A-2	1	CH-I	1
A-3	2	AF	1
C-O	4	K	3
C-90-X	4	(String-Not	Supplied)



BUILDERS' HOIST



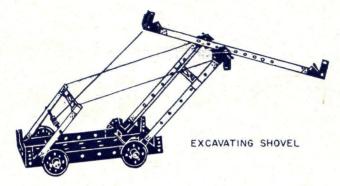
TABLE



SAW BUCK

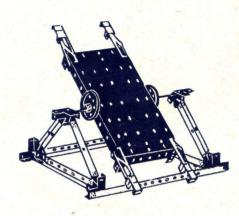


CIRCULAR SAW



Parts required

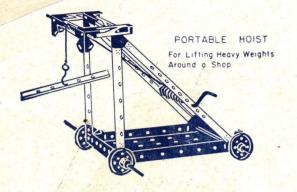
	1 01.10	
TABLE	EXCAVATING SHOVEL	SEE SAW
P-4 I A-0 6 A-2 2 C-90-X 4	P-4   1 A-0   2 A-1   2 A-2   2 A-3   1	P-4 I A-0 4 A-1 4 A-2 2 A-3 2
SAW-BUCK	C-0 4 C-90-X 4	C-O C-90-X
A-0 3 A-1 4 A-2 1 C-90-X 4 R-85 1 CIRCULAR SAW P-4 1 A-0 6 A-2 2 C-90-X 4 W-16 2 R-50 1	C-135-ZR   C-135-ZL   W-16 4 R-50 2 R-85   CH-1   K 4 (String-Not Supplied)	C-135-ZR 1 C-135-ZL 1 W-16 2 R-85 1 K 2 BED9IDE TABL P-4 1 A-0 2 A-1 2 C-90-X 4 W-16 4 R-50 2
CH-I I K 2 (Rubber Band- Not Supplied)	transmission of circular motion.	



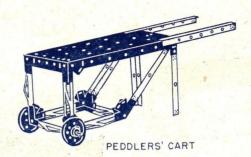
SEE SAW



BEDSIDE TABLE

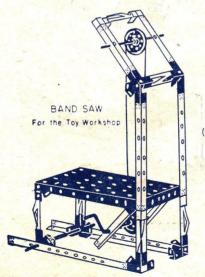






Parts required

A-0 A-1 A-2 C-0



			i ui
PORTABLE	HOIST	STEP LAD	DER
P-4 A-0 A-2 A-3 C-90-X R-50 R-85 W-16 CH-1 K AF String—Not	1 4 3 2 4 2 1 4 1 3 1 Supplied)	A-O A-2 A-3 C-O C-90-X C-I35-ZR C-I35-ZL	52244

	BAND	SAW	
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 A-3 C-0 C-90-X	1642224	C-I35-ZR C-I35-ZL W-I6 R-50 CH-I K	2214
(Stri	ng-Not	Supplied)	

	PEDDLERS' CART
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 C-90-X	C-135-ZR C-135-ZL W-16 R-50
	SLED
P-4 A-0 A-3	l C-90-X 4 C-135-ZR 2 C-135-ZL

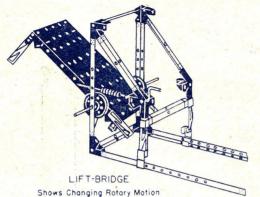
The runners are fastened together front and rear and the P-4 simply rests within them.

HAND	CAR	
2424	C-90-X R-50 R-85 W-16 K	2 2 1 4 2



SLED

HAND CAR



Shows Changing Rotary Motion Into Linear Motion and Changing Back Into Rotary Motion



APOTHECARIES' SCALES

Used by the Druggist for

Prescriptions

## Parts required

	LIFT-B	RIDGE	
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 A-3 C-0 C-90	1 6 4 2 2 4 4 ring-Not	C-135-ZR C-135-ZL W-16 R-50 R-85 CH-1 K Supplied)	4

APOTHECARI	ES'
SCALES	

BED WITH CANOPY

P-4	t		
A-0	2	BED WI	ТЫ
A-1	2 2 4	CANOP	
A-2	2	CANOI	,
A-3	2	P-4	
C-O	4	A-O	4
C-90-X	4	A-1	2
C-135-ZR	1	A-2	2
W-16	2	C-90-X	4
R-50	2	R-50	- 6
K	4	K	4



## WAREHOUSE CRANE

P-4	1	C-135-ZL
A-0	3	R-50
A-1	3	CH-I
A-2	2	W-16
A-3	2	AF
C-90-X	4	K
C-135-ZF	1	
(Str	ing-No	t Supplied)

#### LUMBER TRUCK

	COMBEN	1110011	
A-O A-I	4 2	C-135-ZR	!
A-1 A-2	2	C-135-ZL W-16	4
A-3	2	R-21	1
C-90-X	2	R-50	2

Note: The ends of the two A-O's, connected to the C-135's, are crossed and the end of the R-21 is inserted in a vertical position as shown thru their slightly spread ends and between the R-50 and the A-I of the front truck. See the Construction Details at the end of this Manual.



LUMBER TRUCK

#### Parts required



(String-Not Supplied)

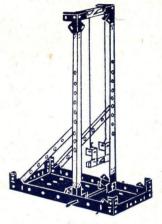


TEETER

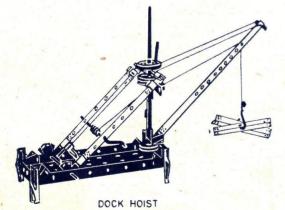
## WAGON

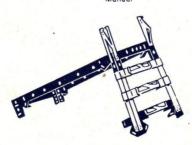
P-4 A-0 A-1	63	C-135-ZR C-135-ZL W-16	1
A-2	2004	R-21 R-50	2
C-90-X	4	K	1

Note: The ends of the two A-O's, connected to the C-135's, are crossed and the end of the R-21 is inserted in a vertical position as shown through their slightly spread ends and between the R-50 and the A-I of the front truck. The seat and foot rest are simply laid in the positions shown. See the Construction Details at the end of this Monual

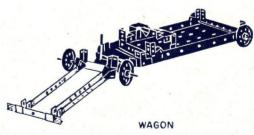


ROPE SWING



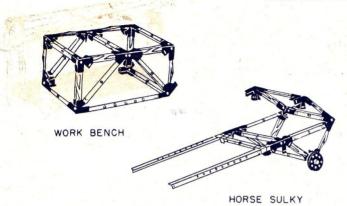


PL'AYGROUND SLIDE



### Meder but where CRAFTSHAY BYE

#### Models built with the CRAFTSMAN SIZE



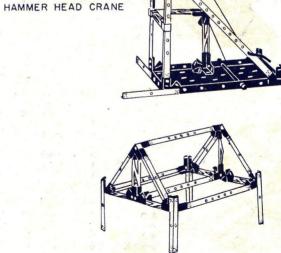


	HORSE	SULKY		HAMN	ER HE	EAD CRANE	
A-0	6	C-135-ZR	2	P-4	- 1	C-180-DS	3
A-1	7	C-135-ZL	2	A-0	7	R-21	1
A-3	2	R-85	1	A-1	6	R-50	3
C-0	2	W-16	2	A-2	6	R-85	1
C-90-X	2		-	A-3	4	CH-I	1
0 30 A				C-0	2	W-05	1
the same				C-90-X	6	W-16	4
	ž.			C-135-ZR	2	K	6
				C-135-ZL	2	SN	4
				C-180-Z	2		

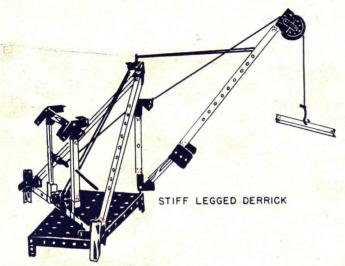
(String and Rubber Bands— Not Supplied)

Note To make the bracket see the Construction Details. Both the hoist line and the release line should be wound on the crank.

	WORK E	BENCH					
	8	C-135-ZR	1		A BRIDGE	TRUSS	
A-0	0					C-90-	C
A-1	8	C-135-ZL		A-0	6	C-90-	6
	_	and the second	•	A - I	0	C-180-Z	2
A-2	1	C-180-	2	A-1	0	C-100-Z	~
C 00-Y	6			4.2	4 -		

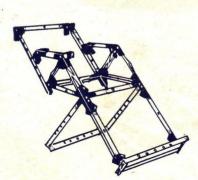


A BRIDGE TRUSS





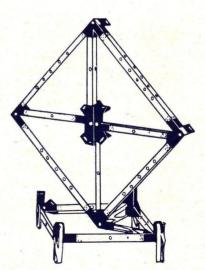
PHARMACISTS' BALANCE



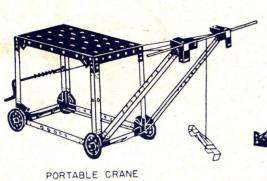
Parts	require

STIFE	LEG	GED DERRICK		PHAR	MACIST	TS' BALANCE	
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-3 C-0 C-90-X C-135-ZR C-135-ZL	16642511	C-180-Z C-180-DS AF W-16 R-21 R-85 CH-1 K	2 4	P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 A-3	1 4 4 2 2 2	C-O C-90-X R-50 K	
ST	EAMER	CHAIR		RADIO	RECE	IVING LOOP	
A-O A-I A-2 C-9O-X	8 8 6 6	C-I35-ZR C-I35-ZL C-I80-Z	2 2 2	A-0 A-1 A-2 C-90-X	6 8 4 6	C-I35-ZR C-I35-ZL C-I80-Z	

STEAMER CHAIR

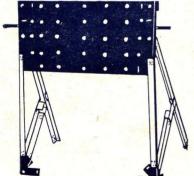


RADIO RECEIVING LOOP



LIFT BRIDGE

## Parts required



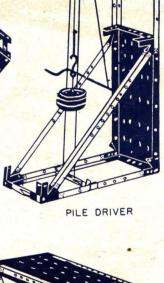
CRANE	
P-4 A-0	4
A-1	4
A-2	2
A-3	2
C-0 C-90-X	4
C-135-ZR	- 1
C-135-ZL	- 1
W-16	4
R-50	2
R-85 CH-1	i
AF	i
K	4
(String-	
Not Suppl	ied)

PORTABLE

TEA	
WAGON	
P-4 A-0 A-1 A-2 A-3 C-0 C-90-X W-16 R-50	1 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 1
BLACKBO	ARD
P-4 A-1 A-2 A-3 C-0 C-90-X R-85 K	12222412
The rod hol C-90-X's in behind the F	place

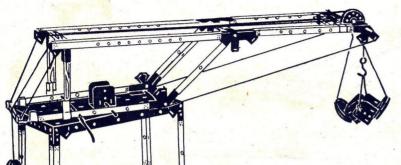
P-4	- 1	C-180-Z	2
A-O	6	C-180-DS	2
A-1	8	W-16	4
A-2	6	R-50	3
A-3	4	R-85	1
C-90-X	6	CH-I	1
C-135-ZR	2	K	5
C-135-ZL	2		
	PILE	DRIVER	

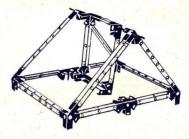
0 100 22	10 10 10		
	PILE	DRIVER	
When the ha	mmer is	up unhook and le	t it
P-4	1	C-135-ZR	1
A-0	- 5	C-135-ZL	-
A-1	4	W-16	4
A-2	2	R-50	- 1
A-3	2	CH-I	. 1
C-O		AF	1
C-90-X	4	K	4
(Str	ing-Not	Supplied)	



TEA WAGON

BLACKBOARD





PLAYGROUND SWING

#### Parts required

### UNLOADING CRANE

P-4	1	C-180-Z	2
A-0	8	C-180-DS	3
A-1	7	W-16	4
A-2	6	R-21	- 1
A-3	2	R-50	2
C-O	6	CH-I	1
C-90-X	6	AF	1
C-135-ZR	2	SN	3
C-135-ZL	2	K	6
101		1 6 11 - 41	

(String-Not Supplied)

Note: The C-I8O-DS is pivoted to the base plate P-4 by a snap rivet SN-The wheels W-I6 are fastened to the C-I8O-DS by snap rivets. See Construction Details to make the clam shell bucket.

#### DI AVGROLIND SWING

FLA	IGNOU	10 3441140	
A-O	2	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	6	C-135-ZL	2
A-2	6	C-180-Z	2
C-90-X	6	R-85	- 1

The Craftsman Size MORECRAFT gives you 5 new parts. First there are two new connection members the C-180-Z and the C-180-DS. Next there is a very useful pulley sheave, W-05. Then there is a new fastening member, the snap rivet, SN, by means of which members may be connected through their holes. These rivets are very useful in torming a pivotet john. The last new element is the special panel insert, by means of which you may fill in surfaces of your structures to improve their appearance. Learn all these new parts and their uses from the pictures given at the end of the Manual

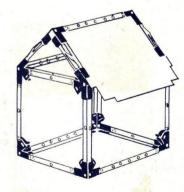
## STEEL SCOW

	100		1	in A	_	•
A-0		8	5	C-135-ZR	2	
A-1	11.1	6	3	C-135-ZL	2	
4-2	4.3	5	in.	C-180-Z	2	
C-90-X	1	4	-	X-08-9		
		3 12	1 0	minis)		

#### SUMMER HOUSE

A-0	4	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	8	C-135-ZL	2
A-2	5	P-12	2
C-90-X	6		

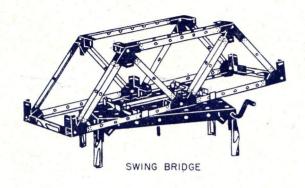
This is the first model to show the use of the panel inserts. See the Construction Details at the end of this Manual

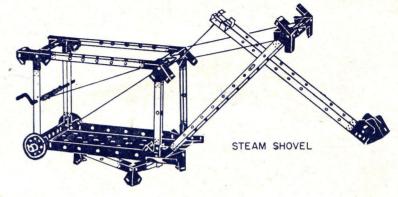


SUMMER HOUSE

STEEL SCOW OR INVERTED BRIDGE TRUSS

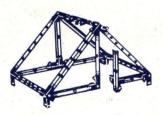
UNLOADING CRANE

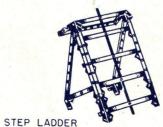




#### Parts Feguired

## TENT FRAME





	SWIING	DHIDGE
-4		C-135-2
4-0	8	C-180-2

P-4	1	C-135-ZL	2
A-0	8	C-180-Z	2
A-1	9	W-16	2
A-2	6	R-21	,1
C-O	6	CH-I	- 1
C-90-X	4.	K	4
C-135-ZR	2		

CHUNC DRIDGE

(Rubber-Band-Not Supplied)

Note: Place a wheel on the lower end of the rod. Pass rod through center hole of the base plate and place wheel on top of plate. Place bridge span over rod and gut a key on top end of rod inside the A-I. Rubber band passes around CH and the lower wheel.

TENT		STEP		
A-0 A-1 A-2 C-90-X C-135-ZR C-135-ZL C-180-Z R-85	36652221	A-0 A-1 A-2 C-90-X C-135-ZR C-135-ZL C-180-Z R*85	67562221	

#### STEAM SHOVEL

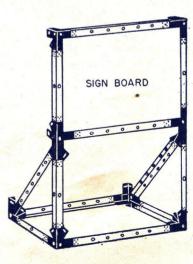
P-4	1	C-180-Z	2
A-0	8	C-180-DS	2
A-1	7	R-21	1
A-2	4	R-50	2
A-3	2	CH-I	1
C-O	2	K	4
C-90-X	6	W-16	2
C-135-ZR	2	SN	1
C-135-ZL	2		

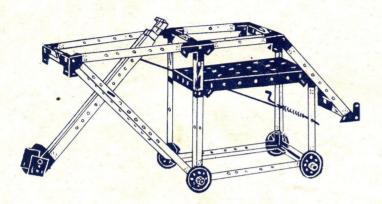
#### (String-Not Supplied)

Note: The upper ends of the two boom members are connected by an A-O held by the C-O's connected to the upper ends. The two ends of the base are connected by an A-I connected to a C-O at each end. A snap rivet forms the pivot.

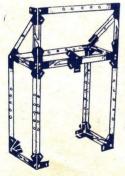
SIG	N B	OAF	SD

A-I	6	C-180-Z	2
A-2	6	P-12	- 1
C-90-X	6		





EXCAVATING MACHINE



SIGNAL BRIDGE

1000				
Part	S	rec	qui	red

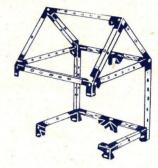
EXCAV	ATING	MACHINE	
P-4	1	C-135-ZL	2
A-0	8	C-180-Z	2 2 2 4
A-1	6	C-180-DS	2
A-2	6	W-16	4
A-3 C-0	4 2 6	R-21 R-50	3
C-90-X	6	K	4
C-135-ZR	2	CH-I	1
(String and		Bands - N	ot
	Suppli	ed)	

	SIGNAL	BRIDGE	
A-0	7	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	3	C-135-ZL	1
A-2	6	C-180-Z	2
C-90-X	6		

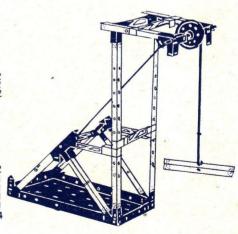
WAITING	STATION
AAMIIIIAO	SIMILOI

A-0	4	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	6	C-135-ZL	2
A-2	6	C-180-Z	2
C-90-X	6		
Note: Try		els in the roof	of

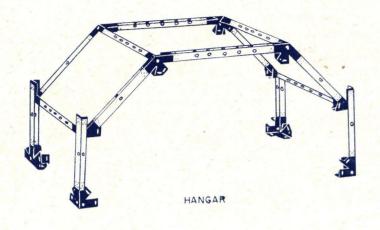
HOI	ST
	C-180-Z
6	W-16
7	R-50
2	CH-I
6	AF
4	K
ing-Not	Supplied)
	1 6 7 2 6 4



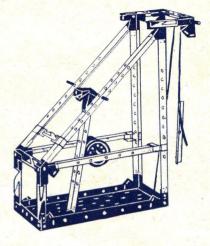
WAITING STATION



HOIST



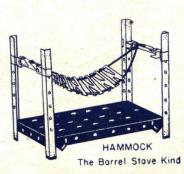
TABLE



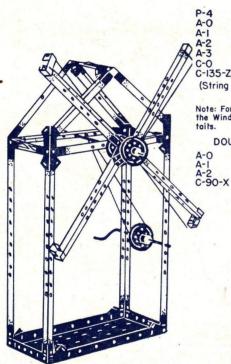
WELL DIGGER

#### Parts required

		Parts	required
	HANGAR		WELL DIGGER
A-I A-2 C-90-X C-I35-ZR	8 C-135-ZL 6 C-180-Z 6 P-12 2	222	P-4   C-135-ZR   A-0   8   C-135-ZL   A-1   W-16   2 A-2   3   R-21   1 A-3   4   R-50   2 C-0   4   CH-1   C-90-X   6   K.   6 (String-Not Supplied) Note: Screw the two wheels to the crank and pass the short rod through holes in the wheels and fasten into place with two keys. This forms an eccentric.
	TABLE		HAMMOCK
A-0 A-1 A-2	4 C-90-X 2 C-180-Z	4 2	P-4   A-2   4 A-0   8   C-0   4 (String-Not Supplied)



#### Parts required



WINDMILL

	WINDMI	LL	
P-4	1	C-135-ZL	2
A-0	3	C-90-X	2
A-1	4	C-180-Z	2
A-2	6	W-16	3
A-3	4	R-85	1
C-O	4	CH-I	1
C-135-ZR	2	K	2
(String and	Rubber	Band - Not	

Supplied)

Note: For the construction of the hub of the Windmill see the Construction Detaits.

### DOUBLE BRIDGE SPAN

A-0	5	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	8	C-135-ZL	2
A-2	6	C-180-Z	2
C-90-X	4		



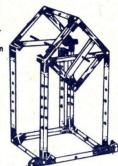
A-0	6.	C-135-ZL	2
A-1	6	C-180-Z	2
A-2	5	R-85	1
C-90-X	6	K	4.
C-135-7R	2		

Note: Let the pendulum swing freely on the rod and it will cause the hand to creep around the face of the clock.

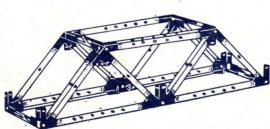
#### GARAGE

A-0	4	C-135-ZR	2
A-1	- 8	C-135-ZL	2
A-2	6	C-180-Z	2
C-90-X	6	P-12	2
M-4 V			

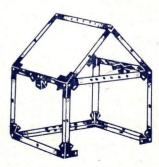
Note: You may cut out 3 extra panels of cardboard or heavy paper, to fill in the walls, using one of your P-12's as a pattern.



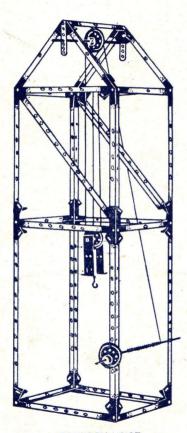
CLOCK







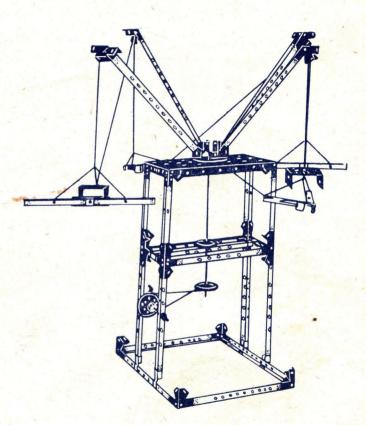
GARAGE



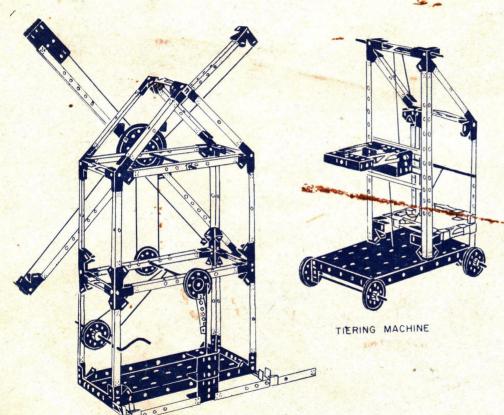
FOUNDRY HOIST
For Lifting Castings and Moulds



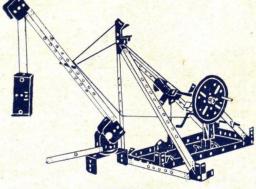
SEARCHLIGHT
May be Turned Right and Left or
Moved Up or Down by a Single
Control



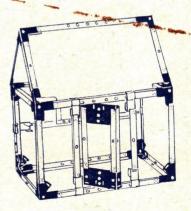
AEROPLANE RIDE



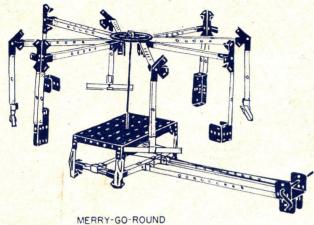
WINDMILL PUMP



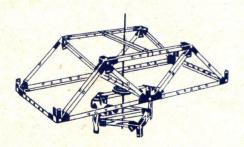
DERRICK



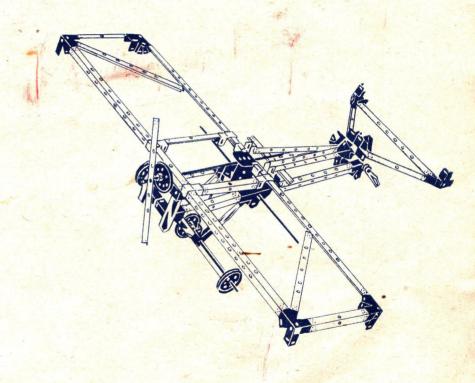
HOUSE WITH DOOR





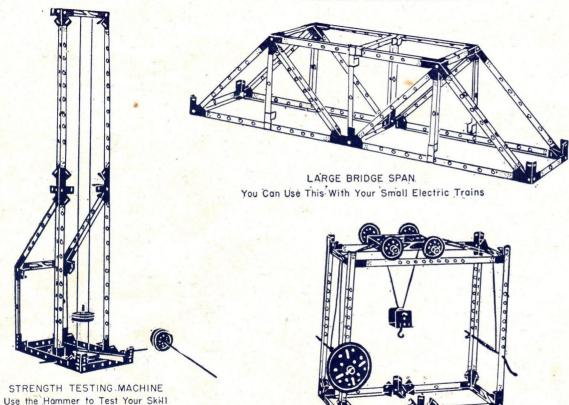


SWING BRIDGE



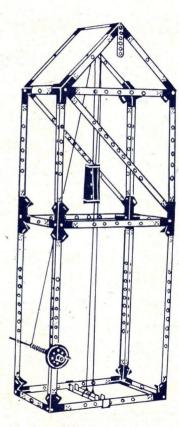
#### AEROPLANE

A Rubber Band Around the Center Wheel and the Propeller Shaft Makes the Propeller Rotate as the Plane is Moved Across the Floor.





The Wheel Moves the Carriage From Left to Right and the Crank Moves the Hood Up and Down

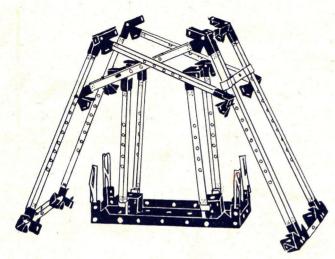


#### ELEVATOR

Fill in the Walls of the Building With Panels Cut as Those of Your Set from Heavy Paper or Cardboard

#### meccanoindex.co.uk

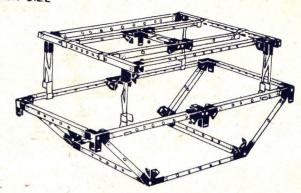
## Models built with the DESIGNER SIZE



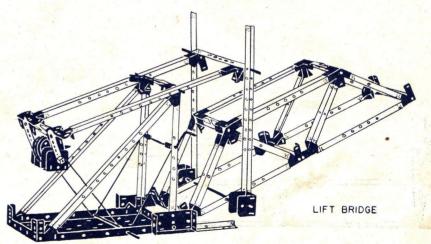
LAWN SWING



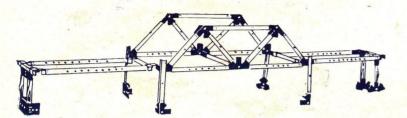
HAND CAR
The Handbars Will Make the Wheels Go 'Round



HOUSEBOAT FRAME
Cover With Cardboard Cut as Your Panels

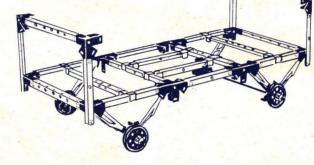


Counterweight Balances to Reduce Work of Lifting

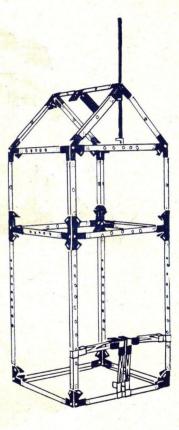


LONG BRIDGE

You May Run Your Largest Train Over This Bridge



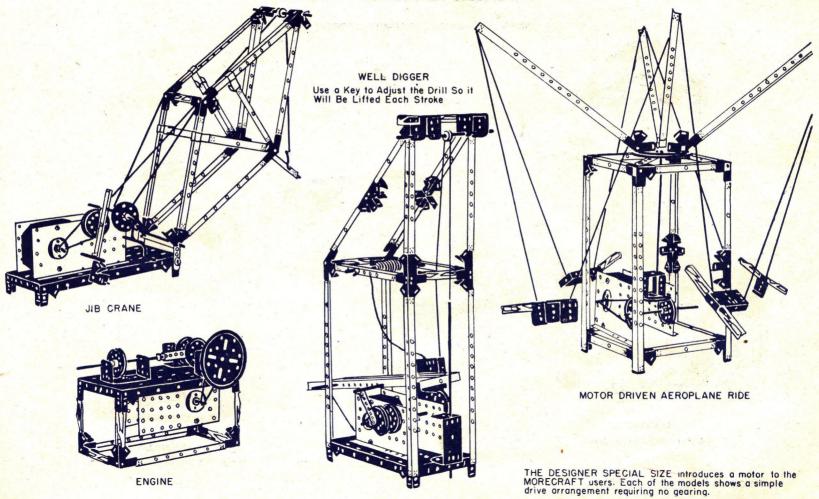
BAGGAGE TRUCK
Complete the Platform With Heavy Cardboard



SMALL LIFT BRIDGE

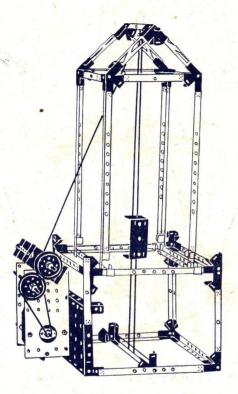
SKYSCRAPER
You May Put an Elevator in this Building

#### Models built with the DESIGNER SPECIAL SIZE

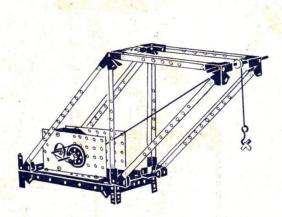


### Models built with the DESIGNER SPECIAL SIZE

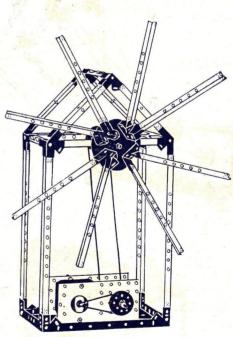
Private Land with the JULIANIE OF SALECTIC SHEET



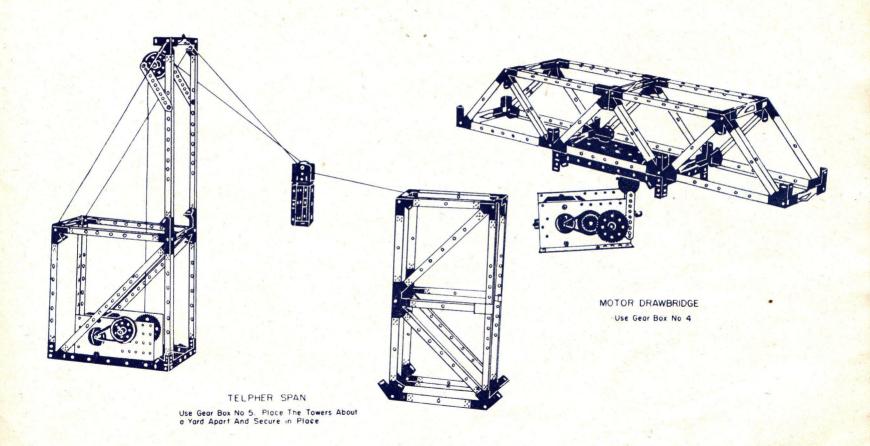
ELEVATOR
A Simple Clutch is Shown

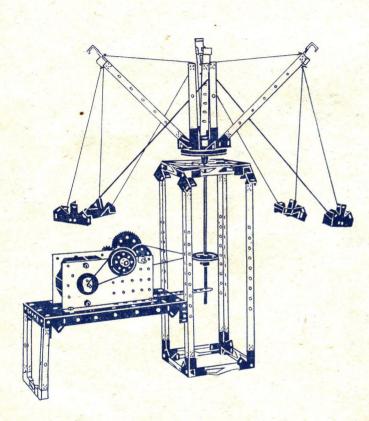


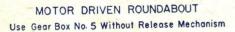
MOTOR HOIST

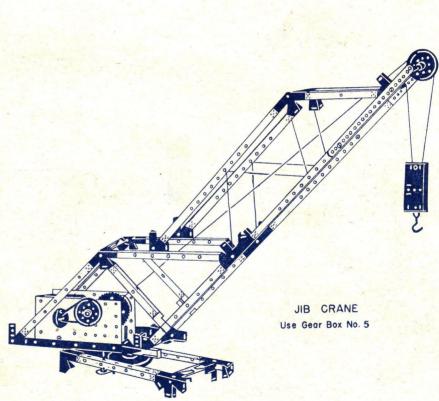


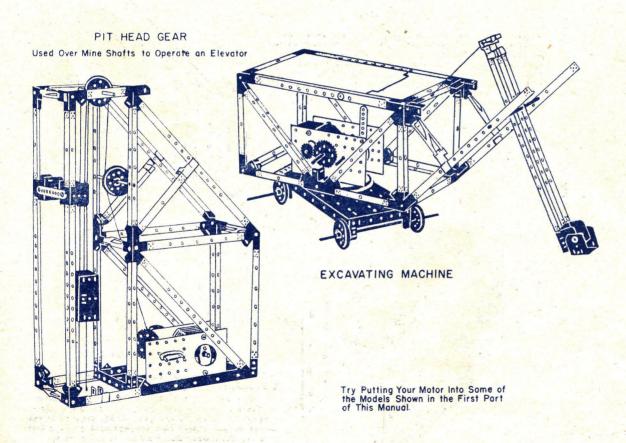
WINDMILL
Make This Into a Windmill Pump

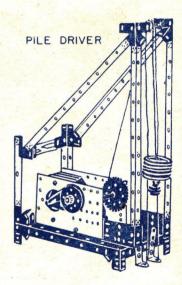




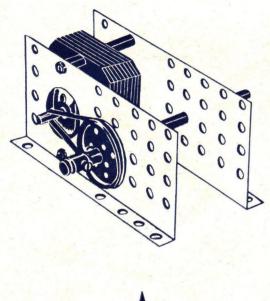








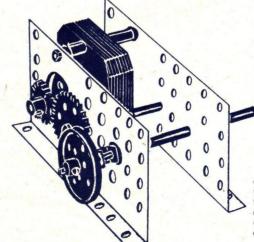
### STANDARD GEARING

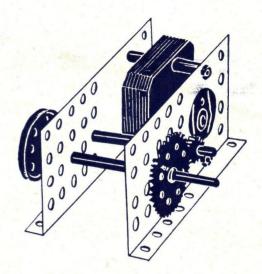


#### GEAR BOX No. I

The arrangement shown above gives an 8:1 gear ratio. No gears are used A rubber band transmits the power from the motor shaft to a pulley, W-16, screwed to the driven output shaft. A motor pulley, W-03, or any other pulley may be used to deliver the power to your mechanism. This arrangement is slient.

On this and the three following pages are shown six types of gearing combinations. Each type is designed to fill certain requirements and may be used whenever you have such requirements. Most of the models having motors use one of these gearing arrangements. The arrangement used is indicated near the picture of the model. Try alternative arrangements, note the different results, and use the most suitable combination.







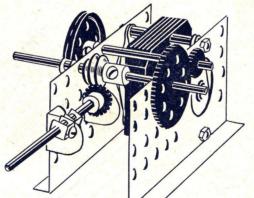
GEAR BOX No. 2

The gear box shown above and to the left gives a 6-1 drive ratio. A gear, G-12, is secured to the motor shaft and drives a gear, G-36, secured to an intermediate shaft. A gear, G-12, secured to the intermediate shaft drives the gear, G-36, secured to the driven output shaft. This arrangement gives a faster drive than Gear Box No.1 but is more noisy.

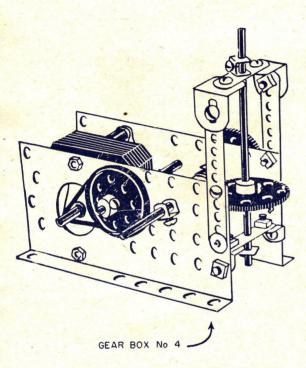
GEAR BOX No. 3

The gear box shown above and to the right has a gear ratio of 270 I. A rubber band drive is provided between the motor shaft and a pulley, W-25, secured to a first intermediate shaft. A pinion, G-12, secured to this shaft, drives a gear, G-36, secured to the second intermediate shaft. A worm gear, W-G, secured to this last shaft drives the driven output shaft by means of the pinion, G-12, secured to it.

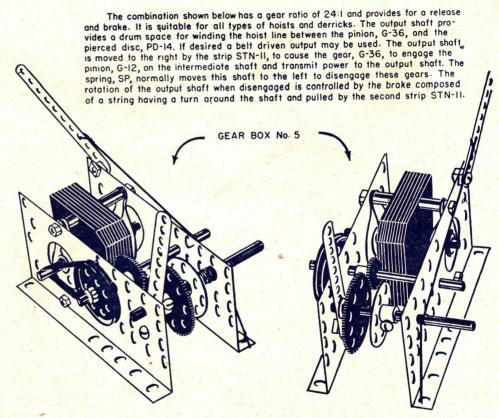
The gear ratio of any gearing combination is the relation of the speed of the input to the speed of the output. Gear Box No. 4 has a gear ratio of 864:1 which means that the motor makes 864 revolutions to one revolution of the output. Furthermore if the gearing is well oiled, the output shaft will have about 864 times as much power as the motor shaft.

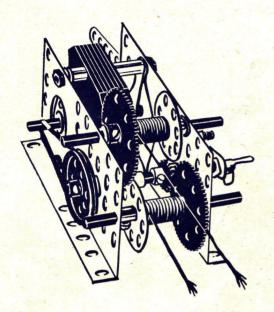


The gear box shown above and to the right has a gear ratio of 864.1. This arrangement is therefore suitable for swing bridges. However you may make the shaft horizontal and use it for draw bridges. In this case use an eccentric crank, CR, linked to a convenient point on your bridge. If a faster drive is desired use Gear Box No.3 with the output shaft vertical if necessary.



In this arrangement a first intermediate shaft is driven by a pulley, W-16, by means of a rubber band around the motor shaft. A second intermediate shaft is driven by a pinion, G-12, secured to the first shaft, meshing with a gear, G-36, secured to the second intermediate shaft. A worm gear W-G, on the last shaft drives a gear, G-36, on the vertical output shaft





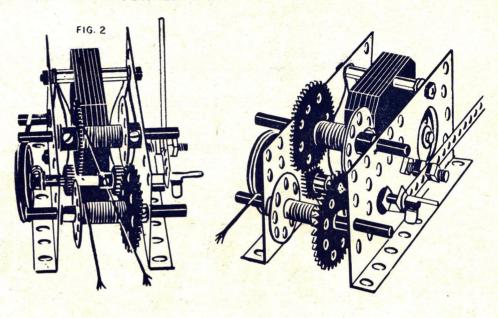


FIG. I

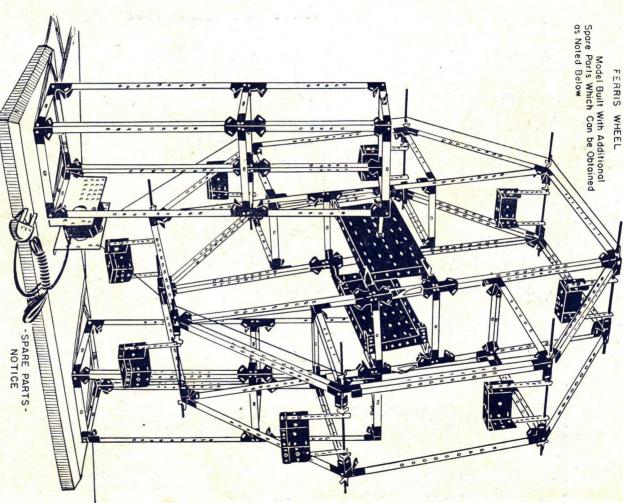
GEAR BOX No. 6

FIG. 3

#### Double Hoist With Release

In the arrangement shown above, two hoists may be handled by a single motor. A gear ratio of 24-1 is provided to each hoist. An intermediate or jig shaft is driven from the motor shaft by means of a rubber band passing around a pulley W-25 secured to the jig shaft. This shaft may be moved right and left by means of a strip STN-21. The jig shaft has two pinions, G-12 mounted thereon in such position that they may engage gears, G-36, mounted on each of the hoist shafts. As shown in Fig. 2 the jig shaft is moved to the extreme left and both hoist drums are disengaged. In Fig.1 the jig shaft is moved to the extreme right

and the lower hoist drum is engaged with the right hand pinion on the jig shaft. The upper drum is disengaged. In Fig. 3 the jig shaft has been moved to the right a short distance from the position shown in Fig. 2 and the upper drum is engaged with the left hand pinion on the jig shaft. The lower drum is disengaged. With the jig shaft moved a short distance to the left of the position shown in Fig. 1 both of the drums may be engaged. A brake constructed like that shown in Gear Box No. 5 may be provided for either of the hoist drum shafts.



When ordering spare parts trom the back cover, please observe the following

- 1) List all parts by their part numbers.
- 2) Figure and total your order correctly.
- 3) Include remittance to avoid COD charges. We do not recommend sending money through the mail.
- PRINT your name, street address, city, zone and state clearly, as we assume no responsibility for non-delivery of orders due to illegible or incomplete address

MORECRAFT CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Fig. 1 shows a C-90-X

connected to a single angle-

member

truck

Fig 2 shows a second angle-member connected at a member connected to the same 90° angle to the first angle- connector at an angle of 45° member



Fig. 3 shows a third angleto the first angle-member.



Fig. 4 shows a fourth anglemembers connected to a straight-angle connector member reverse connected to the connector C-90-X. This C-180-Z. This type of conis a detail found in a large nector is used whenever it number of the Morecraft is desired to make a long structure. The additional



Fig. 6



Fig. 7 shows a boom end. C-360. This connector as shown permits connecting angle-members at right angles to the boom.

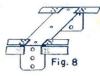


Fig. 8 shows a double straight angle connector. C-180-D as used to extend the length of a double boom. A similar connector, the C-180-DS, (see Morecraft Parts) is used the same as the connector shown here.



Fig. 9 shows the use of the C-180-D connector as the pivoted end of a boom. The lower and upper connectors may be pivoted by the snap rivets shown or by a rod or bolted as described in Fig. 26.



Fig. 10 shows the use of A-O'S to connect two C-180-D's. Other connections may be similarly connected. See Fig. 11.







Fig. 12 shows how to make a clamshell-bucket for use with your derricks, etc., using two C-180-D's. The end of the hoist line may be tied as shown in Fig. 12A and one loop slipped over each end of the rod.



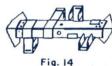


Fig. 5 shows two angle-

slots of the connector pro-

vide for bracing as shown

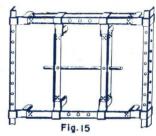
Fig. 13 shows the C-O, which is the most useful Morecraft connector. Fig. 14 shows a C-O in each of four positions on an angle-member to permit the attachment of an angle-member in each of four directions. The end C-O's prevent the angle-member upon which they are mounted, being detached. Fig. 15 shows how it is possible to locate a shaft rod in

After use snap rivets may become compressed and thus

lose their tension. To remedy this, insert the prong of the

Fig. 26

in Fig. 6.



Figs. 16 and 16A show how to form the hub used in the Whirligig and Clothes Reel models built with the Craftsman Size. Put a rod through the holes in the tops of a pair of C-135-Z connectors. Rotate them into the position shown in Fig. 16. Then force them together as shown in Fig. 16A. Four angle-members may be connected to the two connectors.







NZ.

Figs. 24 and 24A show the C-U. universal connector. It has many uses-two of which are shown.

any desired position regardless of hole spacings.



Fig.19





to rotate freely.

Fig. 20 shows the use of a key to limit the motion of a rod lengthwise yet permit it

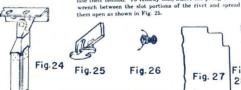
Fig. 21 shows how to use a key to fasten the end of a string to wind it upon a crank, CH.



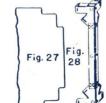
Fig. 22 shows how to fasten an anglemember to a shaft rod. The screw of a collar is removed and the rod is inserted through the collar and one of a pair of holes of an angle-member. Then the screw is inserted through the other hole in the angle-member and tightened to hold the member in the desired position. A connector may be similarly secured. An example of this use is the Hand Car built with the De-Signer Size.



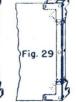
Fig. 23 shows how to use the snap rivet. The pieces to be joined are placed with holes in alignment and the rivet is inserted with thumb pressure. Use of a single rivet permits a swivel action to be obtained.



To lock two nuts in place put them upon a bolt inserted through holes in Fig.24A the members to be joined and turn in opposite directions as shown by the arrows in Fig. 26. This may be done by the use of two wrenches furnished with all Morecraft Sets supplied with nuts and bolts.



one screw hub and nut.







The above Figs. show how to use the Morecraft Panel Insert. The corners are to be placed on top of the connectors and the sides are to be below the angle-members. First, place the panel shown in Fig. 27, with the assembly shown in Fig. 28, as shown in Fig. 29, then add the parts shown in Fig. 30, and last, complete by connecting the left-hand corners with an angle-member

Fig. 19A

